## Patent claims

- Driver circuit for driving a useful signal having:
- 5 (a) at least one amplifier circuit (3a, 3b) with low output impedance for the signal amplification of the useful signal;
- (b) a protection impedance (9a, 9b) respectively connected downstream of the amplifier circuit (3a, 3b) and serving to protect the amplifier circuit (3a, 3b);

## characterized

- 15 in that
- (c) provision is respectively made of a feedback circuit (14a, 14b) for the frequency-dependent signal feedback of the useful signal amplified by the amplifier circuit (3a, 3b).
- Driver circuit according to Claim 1,
   characterized
   in that the amplifier circuit (3a, 3b) is an
   operational amplifier having an inverting signal
   input (5a, 5b), a noninverting signal input (4a, 4b)
   and a signal output (7a, 7b).
- 3. Driver circuit according to Claim 1 or 2,
  characterized
  in that the protection impedance (9a, 9b) is
  connected between the signal output (7a, 7b) of the
  operational amplifier (3a, 3b) and a signal line
  connection (11a, 11b) for the connection of a signal
  line.

5

5.

4. Driver circuit according to Claim 3, characterized in that the signal line is a telephone line for connecting a telephone to the driver circuit (1).

Driver circuit according to one of the preceding

- claims,
  characterized
  in that the driver circuit (1) is of differential
  construction and has two symmetrically constructed
  amplifier circuits (3a, 3b), two symmetrical
  protection impedances (9a, 9b) and two symmetrically
  constructed feedback circuits (14a, 14b).
- 15 Driver circuit according to one of the preceding 6. claims, characterized in that the signal feedback circuit (14a, 15b), respectively has a capacitor (15a, which connected between the signal output (7a, 7b) of the 20 operational amplifier (3a, 3b) and a signal input (5a, 5b) of the operational amplifier (3a, 3b), and a resistor (16a, 16b), which is connected between the signal line connection (11a, 11b) and the signal input (5a, 5b) of the operational amplifier (3a, 25 3b).
  - 7. Driver circuit according to one of the preceding claims,
- in that the signal feedback circuit (14a, 14b) feeds back high-frequency signal components of the useful signal amplified by the amplifier circuit (3a, 3b) to the signal input (5a, 5b) of the amplifier circuit (3a, 3b) to a greater extent than low-frequency signal components of the useful signal

5

amplified by the amplifier circuit (3a, 3b), so that the output impedance of the driver circuit (3a, 3b) is reduced in a specific first frequency range up to a first limiting frequency  $(f_{g1})$  which lies above the second limiting frequency  $(f_{g2})$  of the useful signal.

- 8. Driver circuit according to Claim 7,
  characterized
  in that the first frequency range comprises of a
  [sic] second frequency range provided for the
  transmission of the useful signal.
  - Driver circuit according to Claim 8, characterized
- in that the second frequency range is a voice signal band for the transmission of a telephone voice signal.
- 10. Driver circuit according to Claim 9, characterized in that the second limiting frequency  $(f_{g2})$  of the second frequency range is about 4 kHz.